# **New York State Department of Environmental Conservation**

**Hudson River Estuary Program, Central Office** 

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To: Nan Stolzenburg for the Town of Ancram

From: Karen Strong; Hudson River Estuary Biodiversity Outreach Program

Re: Important Biological Resources in the Town of Ancram

This assessment was completed upon the request of Nan Stolzenberg, planning consultant for the Town of Ancram. It identifies biological resources in the Town of Ancram and may serve as a basis for establishing priorities for conservation. Species listed in this report are either rare or indicators of high quality habitat. It is based only on existing information available to the NYS DEC, and should not be considered a complete biological resource inventory. For more information on anything that is included in this summary, including how to conserve the resources listed below, please feel free to contact me at 518.402.8860 or <a href="mailto:klstrong@gw.dec.state.ny.us">klstrong@gw.dec.state.ny.us</a>.

# Why should I care about biological resources?

- 1. Forests, wetlands, and stream corridors work together to keep our water supply clean and abundant.
- 2. Protected natural areas can provide economic benefit through increased tourism and reduced cost of town services.
- 3. Plants and animals and the intact landscapes that support them are an important part of community character and local quality of life.
- 4. Nature keeps your family healthy by cleaning air, cleaning water, lowering stress, and lowering risk of disease.

## Major natural features of Ancram:

Most of the Town of Ancram lies in the Roeliff Jansen Kill watershed. The Roelff Jansen Kill is a tributary to the Hudson River emptying at Linlithgo. A small portion in the southeast of Ancram is in the Ten-mile watershed, which drains to Long Island Sound via the Housatonic River. Ancram lies within two significant biodiversity areas identified by NYS DEC's Hudson River Estuary Program, the Harlem Valley Calcareous Wetlands and the Taconic Ridge. Tables 1-3 list the known species and ecosystems of conservation concern in the Town.

#### Harlem Valley

From the Wildlife and Habitat Conservation Framework (Penhollow et al., 2006)

"The Harlem Valley Calcareous Wetlands are composed of the valleys and adjacent ridges in the Taconic Highlands. Wetland communities include red maple-hardwood swamp, floodplain forest, fens, and shallow emergent marsh. These areas contain high quality habitat for a number of wetland-dependent species and some of the best bog turtle habitat in the Hudson River Valley.

This area also includes adjacent upland ridge and ledge habitat that is especially important for northern copperhead, timber rattlesnake, and five lined skink."

The Eastern Half of Ancram to the Taconic Ridge is identified in the report for its significant biological resources.

Many natural areas and wildlife of conservation concern in the Harlem Valley portion of Ancram. Large wetlands and wetland complexes are found throughout the central part of town, most of which are protected by New York State. Known high quality wetlands include two high quality Red maple tamarack peat swamps (50 and 70 acres), a 69 acre shallow emergent marsh with good diversity, and a 2.8 acre rich shrub fen on the border with the Town of Northeast. Large populations of swamp birch, handsome sedge, and marsh valerian are associated with these wetlands. Wildlife known to use the wetlands are the spotted turtle (in abundance), bog turtle (federally threatened), a rare noctuild moth, and spotted salamander. Timber rattlesnakes (state threatened) are associated with the Taconic Ridge, but use habitat in the Harlem Valley seasonally for foraging on rodents.

### Taconic Ridge

The Taconic Ridge runs along New York's border with Massachusetts in Rensselaer and Columbia Counties. The region is identified as significant for its large forest blocks and associated wildlife. The portion of Ancram on the Massachusetts border is part of the Taconic Ridge (Taconic State Park). Four high quality forest types are found here: hemlock-northern hardwood forest, maple-basswood mesic forest, Appalachian oak hickory forest, and chestnut-oak forest. Timber rattlesnakes (state threatened) are known from the Ridge as well.

#### Other

In eastern Ancram, there are two records of the New England Cottontail, which is a federal candidate for listing under the Endangered Species Act and a NYS Species of Special Concern. Additional spotted turtles have been found as well.

#### Historic

Historic records are those that were present in the past, but haven't been found in recent years. It is useful to be aware of these plants and animals because the sites are already known to be lost to the town. The NY endangered awned sedge (1936) was found in a pond south of Miller Pond. The handsome sedge (state threatened) was found near the Ancram Lead Mine. And an Indiana bat (federally endangered) hibernaculum was known from a limestone cave near border with Town of Northeast (1939).

Table 1. List of birds species of conservation concern from the 2000-2005 Breeding Bird Atlas. Conservation concern determined by inclusion on the Audubon NY Responsibility Species for the Hudson Valley <a href="http://nyaudubon.org">http://nyaudubon.org</a>.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Hudson Valley Conservation Priority	NYS listing
American Kestrel	Falco sparverius	M	
Baltimore Oriole	Icterus galbula	M	
Belted Kingfisher	Ceryle alcyon	M	
Black-and-white Warbler	Mniotilta varia	М	
Black-billed Cuckoo	Coccyzus erythropthalmus	M	
Blue-winged Warbler	Vermivora pinus	Н	
Bobolink	Dolichonyx oryzivorus	M	
Broad-winged Hawk	Buteo platypterus	M	
Brown Thrasher	Toxostoma rufum	M	
Chimney Swift	Chaetura pelagica	M	
Cooper's Hawk	Accipiter cooperii	M	NYS Species of Special Concern
Downy Woodpecker	Picoides pubescens	M	
Eastern Kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus	M	
Eastern Meadowlark	Sturnella magna	M	
Eastern Towhee	Pipilo erythrophthalmus	М	
Eastern Wood-Pewee	Contopus virens	M	
Field Sparrow	Spizella pusilla	M	
Grasshopper Sparrow	Ammodramus savannarum	M	NYS Species of Special Concern
Hooded Warbler	Wilsonia citrina	M	
Indigo Bunting	Passerina cyanea	M	
Least Bittern	Ixobrychus exilis	Н	NYS Threatened
Louisiana Waterthrush	Seiurus motacilla	M	
Marsh Wren	Cistothorus palustris	M	
Northern Flicker	Colaptes auratus	M	

Common Name	Scientific Name	Hudson Valley Conservation Priority	NYS listing
Prairie Warbler	Dendroica discolor	Н	
Purple Finch	Carpodacus purpureus	M	
Rose-breasted Grosbeak	Pheucticus ludovicianus	M	
Ruffed Grouse	Bonasa umbellus	M	
Savannah Sparrow	Passerculus sandwichensis	M	
Scarlet Tanager	Piranga olivacea	M	
Sharp-shinned Hawk	Accipiter striatus	M	NYS Species of Special Concern
Veery	Catharus fuscescens	M	
Virginia Rail	Rallus limicola	M	
Willow Flycatcher	Empidonax traillii	Н	
Wood Thrush	Hylocichla mustelina	Н	
Worm-eating Warbler	Helmitheros vermivorus	Н	
Yellow-throated Vireo	Vireo flavifrons	M	

Table 2. List of Reptiles and Amphibians of Conservation Concern. Conservation concern determined by inclusion on the list of NYS Species of Greatest Conservation Need. <a href="https://www.dec.ny.gov">www.dec.ny.gov</a> or vernal pool indicator species. Data from NYS Amphibian and Reptile Atlas <a href="https://www.dec.ny.gov">www.dec.ny.gov</a>.

Common Name	Scientific Name	NYS listing	Notes
bog turtle	Glyptemys muhlenbergii	Endangered	Federally threatened species
spotted salamander	Ambystoma maculatum		vernal pool indicator species
spotted turtle	Clemmys guttata	NYS species of special concern	12 records found in Ancram
Timber rattlesnake	Crotalus horridus	Threatened	

Table 3. List of rare plants, rare animals and significant ecosystems. Data from NY Natural

Heritage Program database <u>www.nynhp.org</u>. More information on the species and habitats found in this list can be found at <a href="http://acris.nynhp.org">http://acris.nynhp.org</a>.

Common Name	Scientific Name	NYS listing	Notes			
Rare plants						
handsome sedge	Carex formosa	Threatened				
marsh valerian	Valeriana uglinosa	Endangered				
swamp birch	Betula pumila	Threatened				
	Rare animals					
bog turtle	Glyptemys muhlenbergii	Endangered	Federally threatened			
New England Cottontail	Sylvilagus transitionalis	Species of Special Concern	Federal candidate species			
a noctuiid moth	Fagitana littera					
Timber Rattlesnake	Crotalus horridus					
	Significant	Ecosystems				
Appalachian oakhickory forest			high quality common ecosystem			
chestnut-oak forest			high quality common ecosystem			
hemlock-northern hardwood forest			high quality common ecosystem			
maple-basswood mesic forest			high quality common ecosystem			
red maple-tamarack peat swamp			rare ecosystem			
rich shrub fen			rare ecosystem			
shallow emergent marsh			high quality common ecosystem			
Historic Records						
Handsome sedge	Carex formosa	Threatened				
Indiana Bat	Myotis sodalis	Endangered	Federally endangered			

To find additional information on natural areas and wildlife in Ancram:

Representatives from the Town of Ancram took Biodiversity Assessment Training in 2001-2002. They produced a map of ecologically significant habitats using the process outlined by the *Biodiversity Assessment Manual for the Hudson River Estuary Corridor* (Kiviat and Stevens 2001). The map they produced is complementary to the information provided in this summary. If you need help understanding how they relate, feel free to contact me.